

Patient Safety in Transfusion Therapy in Emergency and Exceptional Situations Bucharest 2014



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Ministry of Health, Israel



Israel's population (2013): 8.2 million

Jerusalem - 815.308

Tel - Aviv - 414.565

Haifa - 272.181



Over 90% of the population reside in 76 cities nationwide the country. The rest reside in villages. Only 2% in kibbutzim



- The Israeli Ministry Of Health (MOH), is responsible for formulating health policies. The ministry plans, supervises, regulates, licenses and coordinates the country's health care services during peace time and war.
- In addition to overseeing health services and family health centers, the ministry maintains 46 General hospitals,
 13 Geriatric hospitals, 320 Geriatric long term facilities (Licensed Hospital), and 10 Psychiatric Hospitals.
- Out of the 46 General hospitals only 20 (medium size over 200 beds) maintain functional blood banks.



 The Israeli National Blood Service, a division of the non-profit organization "Magen David Adom" (MDA), in collaboration with the MOH is responsible for the collection, processing, testing and distribution of blood units and blood products throughout the country.





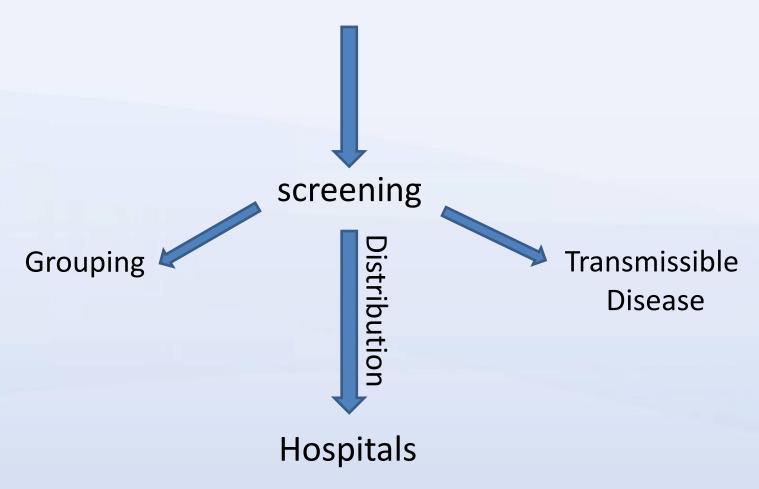
 It includes the Central Blood Bank, which is located in "Tel – Hashomer" hospital (15 minutes drive from Tel-Aviv, and 45 minutes from Jerusalem).



- Over 280,000 units of blood are collected yearly from volunteers: 90% are collected using MDA Mobile Units in schools, factories, community centers and army camps. The other 10% are collected at fixed sites - donor rooms at MDA first-aid stations, located in towns and cities all over Israel.
- After initial testing at the MDA's National Blood Service the units of blood are transferred to blood banks in 20 general hospitals.



280.000 Collected units









In its short modern history, Israel has had to contend with numerous mass-casualty incidents caused by terrorism. As a result, it has developed practical guidelines for emergencies.

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- During routine, 1200 units are transfers from the national blood bank to the general hospitals.
- On terror, war and mass casualty events the use of units of blood doubles or triples.
- Notification to MDA includes: number of casualties, age, gender, severity of injury, and names of admitting trauma centers and hospitals.



Transfusion Procedures in Emergency as same as for Routine Transfusions

No short cuts, no cutting corners, no skipping steps!

Proceed step by step according to the MOH national guidelines.



Regulations in emergency:

- Evacuate the wounded to the nearest hospital.
- At the trauma site, in cases of massive blood loss infuse fluids,
 heamacelle, plasma or blood type O- for immediate life saving purposes.
- During war physicians serving on combat helicopters are permitted (by the supreme hospital authority) to transfuse packed cells type O Rh+, or dried plasma diluted with saline, without cross-matching.
- During war hospitals receiving masses of casualties are authorized (by the supreme hospital authority) to administer blood type O Rh+ without cross-matching.





- Scoop &run.
- Distances in Israel are short. Mean evacuation time from disaster site to nearest hospital = 20 minutes





- Magen David Adom (MDA)armored mobile intensive care unit
- The Israeli Defense Forces do not operate an independent blood bank, they rely entirely on the National Blood Services of Magen David Adom



 The MOH standard for the amounts of blood to be provided during war or mass casualty events:

2 units per light casualty7 units per moderate-severe casualty

 Hospitals should ensure immediate availability of blood and blood products. The hospital should be able to manufacture, test, store, and distribute these products in the shortest time possible.



Emergency = Routine

• Transfusions should be carried out at the patient's bed.

 According to MOH national guidelines, every hospital should have written standard operating procedures for the routine and emergency administration of blood products.



The local hospital guidelines follow the 2012 MOH circular:

"Guidelines for operating blood banks and blood administration",

- Procedures for blood donation; drawing patients' blood samples (by authorized clinical member, two syringes); preparation of blood at the lab; cross-matching; grouping; screening for transmissible infections; compatibility, storage and transportation.
- Before administration identification of patient and compatibility should follow a local checklist by two professionals.

Blood Transfusion Test Form:

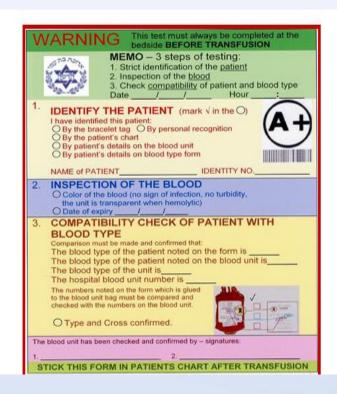
W	ARNING This test must always be completed at the bedside BEFORE TRANSFUSION
	MEMO – 3 steps of testing: 1. Strict identification of the <u>patient</u> 2. Inspection of the <u>blood</u> 3. Check <u>compatibility</u> of patient and blood type Date//Hour:
1.	IDENTIFY THE PATIENT (mark \(\) in the \(\)) I have identified this patient: O By the bracelet tag \(\) By personal recognition O By the patient's chart O By patient's details on the blood unit O By patient's details on blood type form NAME of PATIENT IDENTITY NO
2.	O Color of the blood (no sign of infection, no turbidity, the unit is transparent when hemolytic) O Date of expiry
3.	COMPATIBILITY CHECK OF PATIENT WITH BLOOD TYPE Comparison must be made and confirmed that: The blood type of the patient noted on the form is_ The blood type of the patient noted on the blood unit is_ The blood type of the unit is_ The hospital blood unit number is_ The numbers noted on the form which is glued to the blood unit bag must be compared and checked with the numbers on the blood unit. O Type and Cross confirmed.
The	blood unit has been checked and confirmed by – signatures:
1.	2
91	TICK THIS FORM IN PATIENTS CHART AFTER TRANSFUSION



3 compulsory steps to be carried out and signed on the test

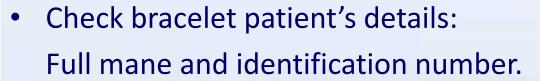
form at the patient's bed site

- a. Identification of patient
- b. Inspection of blood unit
- c. Compatibility test between patient's blood type and the unit's.





A. Identify patient by 4 steps:





- Check patient's details on blood unit.
- Check patient's details on blood type form.
- Put in writing and sign_____ sign____
- Date_____ hour____



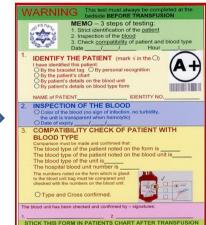
V	/ARNING This test must always be completed at the bedside BEFORE TRANSFUSION
	MEMO — 3 steps of testing: 1. Strict identification of the <u>patient</u> 2. Inspection of the <u>blood</u> 3. Check <u>compatibility</u> of patient and blood type Date / Hour
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2.	INSPECTION OF THE BLOOD ○ Color of the blood (no sign of infection, no turbidity, the unit is transparent when hemolytic) ○ Date of expiry
3.	COMPATIBILITY CHECK OF PATIENT WITH BLOOD TYPE Comparison must be made and confirmed that: The blood type of the patient noted on the form is The blood type of the patient noted on the blood unit is The blood bye of the unit is The hospital blood unit number is
	The numbers noted on the form which is glued to the blood unit bag must be compared and checked with the numbers on the blood unit. O Type and Cross confirmed.



B. Inspect unit color for

- Hemolysis (will look transparent)
- Infection (will look murky)
- Expiration date







C. Compatibility test between patient's blood type and the unit's.



W	ARNING This test must always be completed at the bedside BEFORE TRANSFUSION
	MEMO — 3 steps of testing: 1. Strict identification of the patient 2. Inspection of the blood 3. Check compatibility of patient and blood type Date Hour
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2.	INSPECTION OF THE BLOOD ○ Color of the blood (no sign of infection, no turbidity, the unit is transparent when hemolytic) ○ Date of expiry / /
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11.	2:

Check and fill in, on the test form:

- The blood type of patient noted on the document attached to the blood unit is _____
- 2. The blood type of the patient noted on the unit is_____
- 3. The blood type of the unit is_____
- 4. The hospitals blood unit number is_____
- 5. The number noted on the form attached to the unit, matches the number on the unit itself.



Confirm type and cross by two signatures

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Thank you for your attention



לחיים בריאים יותר

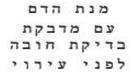


at the hospital's blood lab

5 4 3 2 1

מהלך חיים של מנת דם







מנת הדם עם מדבקת יעוד לחולה



מנת הדם עם מדבקות הבדיקות שעברה



שקית דם לאחר תרומה



שקית ריקה מהיצרן תקן בינ"ל

Near the patient's bed, the procedure should be carried out by two aotherised staff members

Before administration there should be present:

- 1. The unit of blood attached with the CLEAR blood type.
- 2. The patient's medical file/documents.
- 3. The patient himself with his identification bracelet (name and ID number).

In case of anonymous the number given to him at admission to the ER

1. DOULE CHECK THE 3 ITEMS



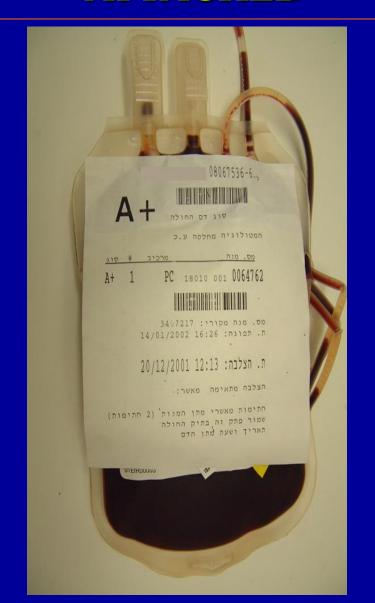
2. CHECK COLOR (MURKY HEMOLITIC?)



3. CHECK TYPE AND EXPIRATION DATE



4. CHECK THE FORM ATTACHED



1 31045486-3-5

A+



סוג דם החולה

ילדים אשפוז יום אונקולוגי

מס. מנה # סוג

A+ 1 .PC 18010 001 0062733



מס. מנה מקורי: 3395534 ת. תפוגה: 9ל:23 21/11/2001

ת. הצלבה: 11:34 (בה: 28/10/2001

הצלבה מתאימה מאשר:

חתימות מאשרי מתן המנות (2 חתימות) שמור פתק זה בתיק החולה תאריך ושעת מתן הדם



כדיקת חוכה לכני עירוי דם ליד איטת החולה



להזכירכם - סדר הפעולה:

1. זיהוי וודאי של החולה 2. בדיקת המנה 3. התאמת המנה לחולה

8_15שעה

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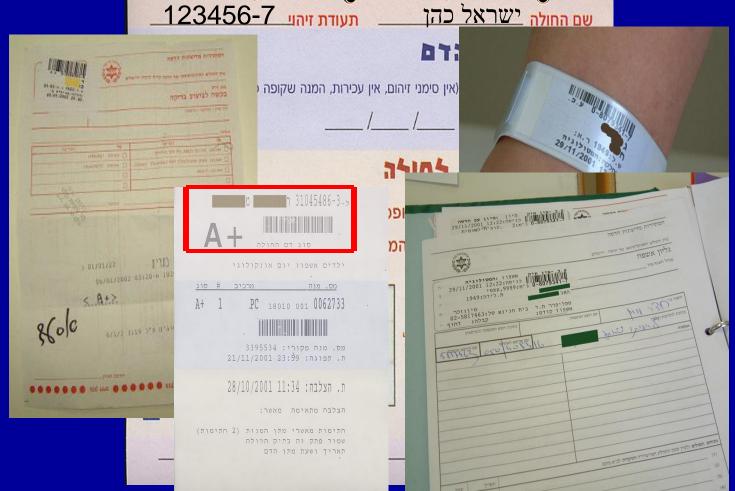
זיהוי החוצה

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הכרות אישית 🔘 גליון

פרטי החולה על מנת הדם



כדיקת חוכה לכני עירוי דם ליד איטת החולה



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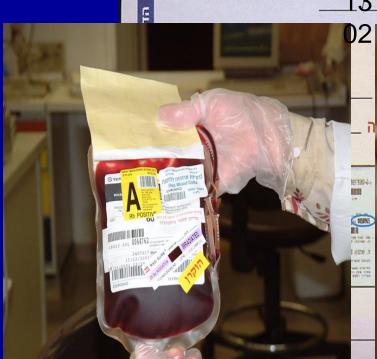
פרטי החולה על טופס סוג הדם 🕥 תעודת זיהוי 123456-7

שם החולה ישראל כהן

בדיקת אנת הדם

צבע המנה תקין (אין סימני זיהום, אין עכירות, המנה שקופה כאשר היא המוליטית)

13 05 תאריך התפוגה
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ת המנה 3. התאמת ה

שעה

הצמיד פרטי (ת הדם תעודת זיו

זיהום, אין עכירות, המנר

13



THERMITM

מס. מנה מקורי: 3457217

ת. הצלבה: 12:13 ו20/12/2001 הצלבה מתאימה מאשר:

חתימות מאשרי מתן המנות' (2 חתימות) שמור פתק זה בתיק החולה

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יש להשוות ולוודא כי: סוג הדם של החולה המופיע בטופס ______ (רשונ

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סוג הדם של המנה

מספר מנה של ביה"ח64762

יש להשוות ולראות אם המספרים על הטופס המודבק על המנה זהים למספרים על המנה.

הצלבה מתאימה

הדם נבדק ואושר על ידי: 1.









סוג דם החולה

ילדים אשפוז יום אונקולוגי

סוג מרכיב מס. מנה

18010 001 0062733

מס. מנה מקורי: 3395534 ת. תפוגה: 93:59 תפוגה:

ת. הצלבה: 11:34 28/10/2001

שולי הצלבה מתאימה מאשר:

חתימות מאשרי מתן המנות (2 חתימות) שמור פתק זה בתיק החולה תאריך ושעת מתן הדם

ליון החולה לאחר מתן הדם

יהושע5678 דנה 1234

11:05/1/02

בדיקת חובה לפני עירוי ד

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זיהוי התוצה

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13 05 _ תאריך התפוגה 🛡

02

יש להשוות ולוודא כי: A + Oסוג הדם של החולה המופיע בטופס

A+סוג הדם של החולה הרשום על המנה

סוג הדם של המנה +A

מספר מנה של ביה"ח62733

יש להשוות ולראות אם המספרים על הטופס המודבק על המנה זהים למספרים על המנה.

הצלבה מתאימה

דנה 1234 🙎 יהושע

סמן 🗸

הדם נבדק ואושר על ידי: 1.

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AT THE END OF INFUSION ADD THE DUCOMENTS TO THE PATIEN'S MEDICAL FILE

